

A Study on Yahuah's "Book of the Covenant" Calendar

Rightly Divide

the WORD

of

TRUTH



The Moon! Oh, the Moon! Pt 3

The Moon! Oh, the Moon!

2



Part 3

"The Moonth! Oh, the Moonth?"

Our Question: Oh Moon!
Where have you been today?
In the Day sky, or the Night sky?

Moon Hebrew Word #s & Grammar

3

R	HEBREW #	PART OF SPEECH
E	1. H3394 = 26 listings <yareach>	NOUN – LITERAL MOON
V	2. H3391 = 2 listings <yerach>	VERB – LUNATION CYCLE
I	3. H3842 = 3 listings <lebanah>	ADJECTIVE – COLOR
E	4. H7720 = 1 listing <saharon>	SIMILE – COMPARISON
W	5. H2320 = 20 listings <chodesh>	VERB – REPETITION
	Total of 52 references.	QUESTION: ARE THERE REALLY 2 VERB FORMS FOR ONE “MOON”?

Part 3 will be studied in this order:



H3842– H7720 – H3391

1st H3842 will be examined as the adjective.

2nd H7720 will be examined as the simile.

Only the first part of **H3391**



will be studied in this lesson.

3rd H3391 will be examined as the verb component of the moon. It is also the primitive root of H3394.

Consideration will begin with the lunation cycle length.

Question: Will H3391 qualify for Yahuah's set-apart month including His special numbering system?

A Good Question for H3842

6

H3842 <lebanah>

Oh Moon!

What color will you be tonight?

1. Pure White
2. Blood Red
3. Harvest Gold?





Taking a Closer Look

7

[#3] H3842 MOON <lebanah>

The color or whiteness
of the moon.

The moon as white!

References Found:

Strong's: 3

Englishman's: 3



Englishman's Concordance H3842

8

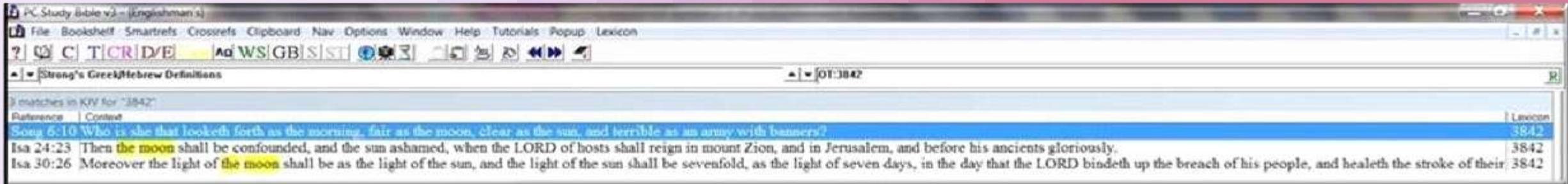
Strong's: "moon" or "moons"

3. H3842 = 3 listings <lebanah>

Englishman's: by Hebrew Word

3. H3842 = 3 listings <lebanah>

Both sets of references are exactly the same verses.



H3842 MOON <lebanah> [as an Adjective]

9

1. [*Strong's*] MOON - H3842 lebanah;
from H3835; properly, (the) white,
i.e. the moon: -moon. See also H3838.

2. [*BDB*] H3842 lebanah - the moon
(as white).

❖ Note: Every *Strong's* number connects to
"Whiteness."



H3842 MOON <lebanah>

[*Strong's*] MOON - H3842 lebanah; from H3835; properly, (the) **white**, i.e. the moon: -moon. See also H3838.

- ▣ H3835 laban; a primitive root; to be (or **become**) **white**; also (as denominative from H3843) to make bricks: KJV - **make brick**, be (made, **make**) **white** (-r).
- ▣ H3843 lebenah; from H3835; a brick (from the **whiteness** of the clay): KJV - (altar of) brick, tile. lebonah. See H3828.
 - ▣ H3828 lebownah; or lebonah; from H3836; **frankincense** (from its **whiteness** or perhaps that of its smoke): -frank-) incense.
 - ▣ H3836 laban; or (Gen 49:12) laben; from H3835; **white**: KJV - white.
- ▣ H3838 Lebana'; or Lebanah; (the same as H3842) ...

Scriptures for H3842 <lebanah>

- **Song of Solomon 6:10** Who is she that looketh forth as the morning, fair as the [H3842 white] moon clear as the sun, and terrible as an army with banners?
- **Isaiah 24:23** Then the [H3842 white] moon shall be confounded, and the sun ashamed, when Yahuah of hosts shall reign in mount Zion, and in Jerusalem ...
- **Isaiah 30:26** Moreover the [H3842 white] light of the moon shall be as the light of the sun, and the light of the sun shall be sevenfold, as the light of seven days, in the day that Yahuah bindeth up the breach of his people ...

H3842 Final Conclusion <lebanah>

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The
H3842 MOON
color
cannot
commence the
Biblical month.

- In all three verses, "white or whiteness" - as the "color" of the moon - is the context of the verses.
- The definition for MOON in these three verses lends no support to commence the Biblical month with any MOON phase in the sky.





Taking a Closer Look

13

[#4] H7720 MOON <saharon>

A simile/comparison
[using the words “like” or “as”]
of something that is round
like the moon.

References Found:

Strong's: 1

Englishman's: 3



Simile

Englishman's Concordance H7720

14

Strong's: "moon" or "moons"

4. H7720 = 1 listing <saharon>

Englishman's: by Hebrew Word

4. H7720 = 3 listings <saharon>

This set has 2 extra listings for comparisons.

PC Study Bible v3 - [Englishman's]
File Bookshelf Smartrefs Crossrefs Clipboard Nav Options Window Help Tutorials Popup Lexicon
? C T|CR|D/E | Ad WS|GB|S|ST | [Icons]
- | Strong's Greek/Hebrew Definitions | - | 01:7720 | [R]

3 matches in KJV for "7720"

Reference	Context	Lexicon
Judg 8:21	Then Zebah and Zalmunna said, Rise thou, and fall upon us: for as the man is, so is his strength. And Gideon arose, and slew Zebah and Zalmunna, and took away the ornaments that were on their camels' necks.	7720
Judg 8:26	the weight of the golden earrings that he requested was a thousand and seven hundred shekels of gold; beside ornaments, and collars, and purple raiment that was on the kings of Midian, and beside the chains that were	7720
Isa 3:18	In that day the Lord will take away the bravery of their tinkling ornaments about their feet, and their caps, and their round tires like the moon,	7720

H7720 MOON <saharon> [as a Simile]

15

Definition: **H7720** means the actual "simile comparison of another object" to the moon in the sky.

1. [*Strong's*] **MOON** - **H7720 saharon**; from the same as

H5469 [roundness]; a round pendant for the neck:

KJV - ornament, round tire like the MOON.

shav. **See H7723** [next slide].

2. [*BDB*] **H7720 saharon** - the moon, the crescent (as an ornament).

H7720 [shav. See H7723]

- ▣ **Note:** Pay attention to these next two Strong's definitions regarding destruction and devastation. How are the following definitions connected to **H7720**?
- **H7723** shav'; from the same as **H7722** in the sense of **desolating; evil** (as **destructive**), **literally (ruin)** or **morally** (especially **guile**); figuratively **idolatry** (as false, subjective), **uselessness** (as deceptive, objective; also adverbially, in vain): **KJV** - false (-ly), lie, lying, vain, vanity.
 - **H7722** show'; ... from an unused root meaning to rush over; a tempest; by implication, **devastation**: **KJV** - **desolate (-ion)**, destroy, **destruction**, storm, **wasteness**.

Scriptures for H7720 <saharon>

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1. **Judges 8:21** And Gideon arose, and slew Zebah and Zalmunna, and took away the ornaments [H7720] that were on their camels' necks.



2. **Judges 8:26** And the weight of the golden earrings ... beside ornaments [H7720], and collars, and purple raiment ... and beside the chains that were about their camels' necks.

3. **Isa 3:18** In that day Yahuah will take away the bravery of their tinkling ornaments [H5914] about their feet, and their cauls, and their round tires [H6287] like the **MOON** [H7720].

Isa 3:18 (Note the extra Hebrew definitions that are similar to "roundness.")



▪ tinkling ornaments; H5914; an anklet [bracelet]



▪ cauls; H7636; [round] netting for the hair (Compare to Eze 24:17, 23 "bind the tire [H6287] of thine head" [H6287 - a fancy head-dress].)

❖ round tires like the moon; H7720; round neck pendant.



How do these definitions link to **H7723** and **H7722**?

H7720

Final Conclusion <saharon>

19



The
H7720 MOON
simile
comparison
cannot
commence the
Biblical month.

All definitions compare the “roundness”
of ornaments to the “roundness”
of the MOON.

These verses lend no support
to commence the Biblical month
with any phase of the MOON in the sky.

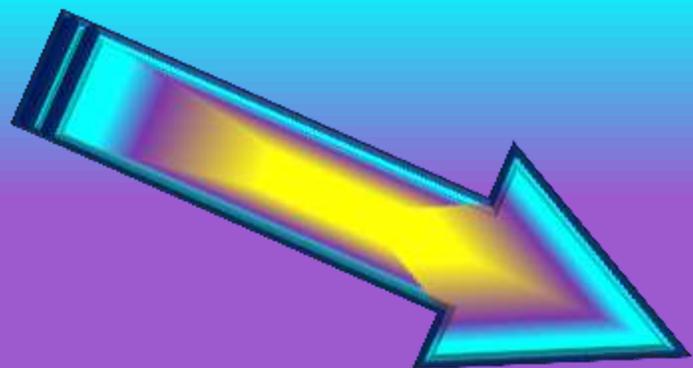


Yahuah's

Covenant

of

Division



Which Two
Celestial Entities
Determine the

Divisions

as commanded
by Yahuah?

???

Gen 1:14

Jeremiah 33:20 -

Covenants of the

Light Season and of

the Night Season.

Question: Does the moon have a part in either of these two Covenants?

The 4th Day of Creation

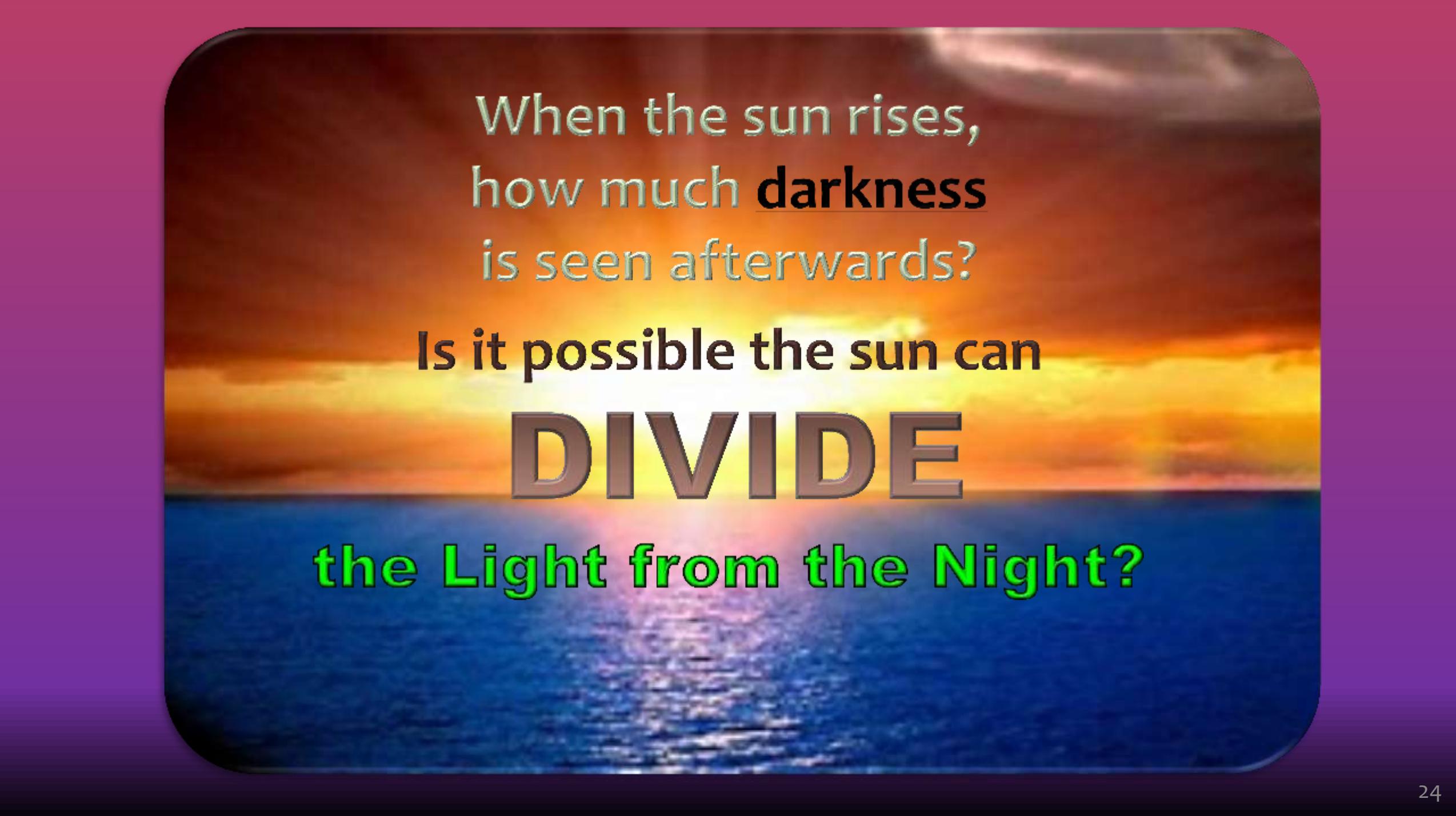
1. **Gen 1:14** And Elohim said, "Let lights come to be in the expanse of the heavens to **SEPARATE** the day from the night, and let them be for signs and appointed times, and for **DAYS** and **YEARS**,
2. **Gen 1:15** and let them be for lights in the expanse of the heavens to give light on the earth." And it came to be so.
3. **Gen 1:16** And Elohim made **TWO GREAT LIGHTS**: the greater light to rule the day, and the lesser light to rule the night, and the stars.
4. **Gen 1:17** And Elohim set them in the expanse of the heavens **TO GIVE LIGHT ON THE EARTH**,

Gen 1:18 and to **RULE** over the day and over the night, and to

SEPARATE the light

from the darkness. And Elohim saw that it was good.

Gen 1:19 And there came to be evening and there came to be morning, the fourth day.

A sunset over a body of water. The sky is filled with orange and yellow clouds, and the sun is low on the horizon, creating a bright glow. The water below is dark blue with a shimmering reflection of the sun. The text is overlaid on this background.

When the sun rises,
how much **darkness**
is seen afterwards?

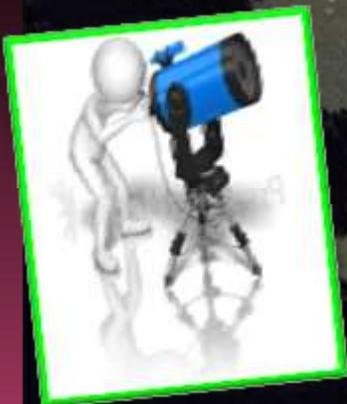
Is it possible the sun can

DIVIDE

the Light from the Night?

The MAZZAROTH!

In the absence of clouds, what **LIGHT** is seen CONSISTENTLY - ALL night, EVERY night, 365 nights of the year?



Gen 1:14! →

DIVIDE

Have you EVER seen a full array of stars in the daylight?

Can the **MAZZAROTH** and other stars differentiate a **NIGHT** season from a **Light** season?

Sky Event captured: Sept 10, 2009

The Moon

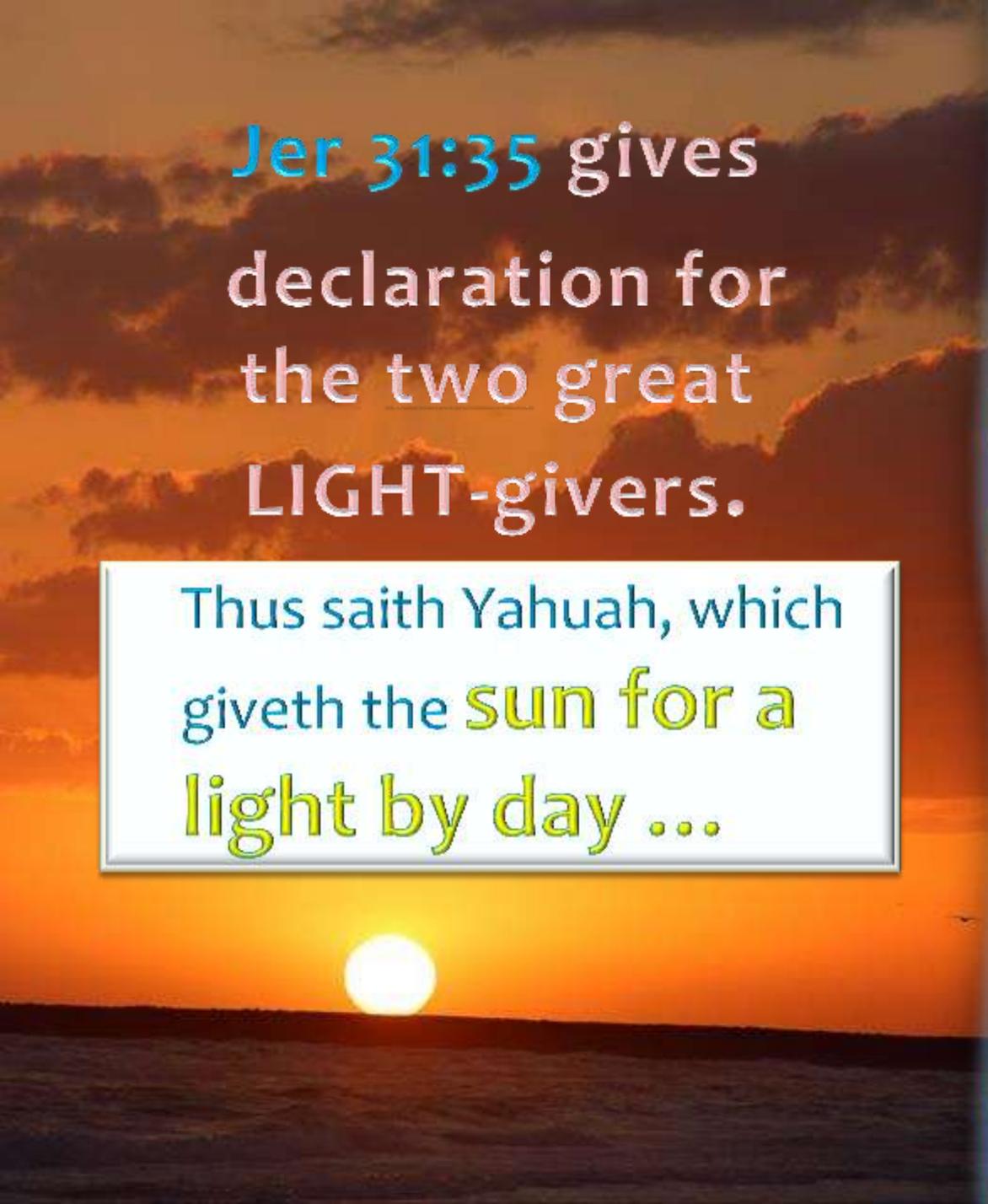
Context of **Gen 1:14** -

Sun

Is the Moon capable of

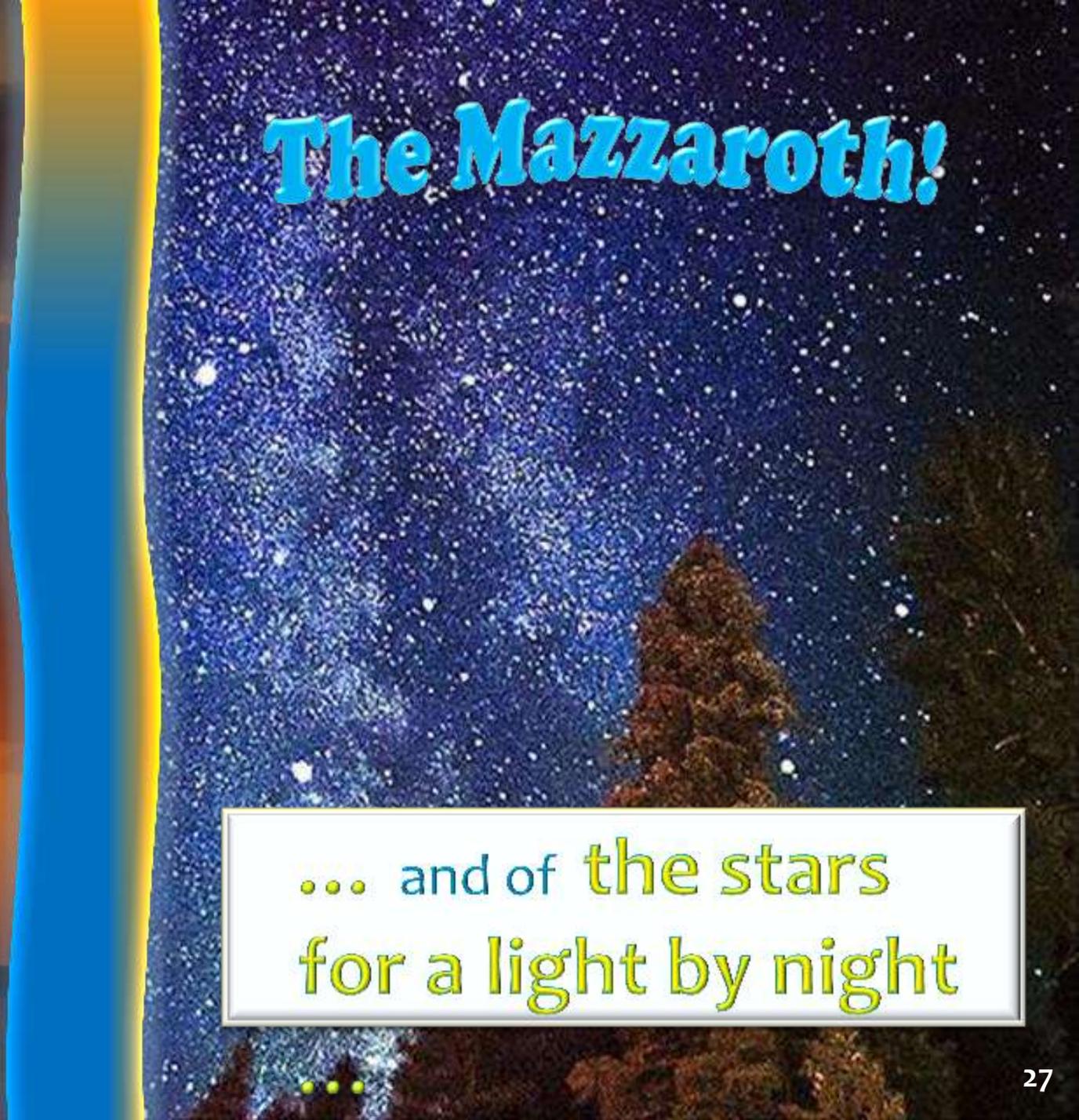
SEPARATING

the Light and
Night seasons?



Jer 31:35 gives
declaration for
the two great
LIGHT-givers.

Thus saith Yahuah, which
giveth the sun for a
light by day ...



The Mazzaroth!

... and of the stars
for a light by night

Does the Moon produce its own light?

Strong's H216 - 'owr

אור

Transliteration

'owr

Pronunciation

ōre (Key)

Part of Speech

feminine noun

Root Word (Etymology) From (אור) H215)

Isa 13:10

For the stars H3556 of heaven H8064 and the
constellations H3685 thereof shall not give H1984 their
light: H216 the sun H8121 shall be darkened H2821 in his
going forth, H3318 and the moon H3394 shall not cause
her light H216 to shine. H5050

Let's look at some *gender* concerns!

What gender
is the
H3394 moon?

Yareach (moon) has a
MASCULINE gender.

Strong's **H3394** - yareach

יָרַח

Transliteration

yareach

Pronunciation

yä·rä'·akh (Key)

Part of Speech

masculine

noun

Root Word (Etymology)

From the same as (יָרַח **H3391**)

Isa 13:10 For the stars H3556 of heaven and the constellations H3685 thereof shall not give their light: H216 the sun H8121 shall be darkened in his going forth, and the moon H3394 shall not cause her [??] light H216 to shine.

What gender
is the
H8121 sun?

Strong's H8121 - shemesh

שָׁמֶשׁ

Transliteration

shemesh

Pronunciation

sheh'-mesh (Key)

Part of Speech

masculine/feminine

noun

Root Word (Etymology)

From an unused root meaning to be brilliant.

For Isa 13:10 ... while it may appear on the surface that the **masculine moon** produces its own light, how can it be said that the **masculine moon** is producing **ITS OWN** light when Isaiah's reference to "her light" is **FEMININE (like the sun)**?



Eze 32:7

And when I shall put thee out, H3518 I will cover H3680 the
heaven, H8064 and make H6937 → the stars H3556 thereof
dark; H6937 I will cover H3680 the **SUN** H8121 with a

Masculine

Masculine &

Feminine

cloud, H6051 and the moon H3394 shall not give H215

her light. H216

in other words...

In that day, the covered sun cannot give the moon its light. Therefore the moon cannot in turn reflect any light!

Yes, we notice that modern translations insert "its," replacing the feminine "her."

Yet the word **owr** (light) remains feminine!

A full moon is visible in the upper left quadrant of the image, partially obscured by a large, dark, billowing cloud. The sky is a deep blue, filled with numerous small, bright stars. The overall scene is a serene night sky.

**Everyone has
seen a moon in
the night sky.**

Does that mean the moon "rules the night"?



**Before the next
Scriptures look
at the blue sky.
Observe the
moon in the
daylight sky for
nearly half of
each month and
ask yourself if
you understand
this next verse
correctly!?**



Gen 1:16 And [Yahuah] maketh the **TWO** great luminaries, the **great** luminary for the rule of the day, and the **small** luminary--and the stars--for the rule of the night; **YLT**

Psa 136:8 The [great] **sun** to rule by day; for his mercy *endures* for ever.

Psa 136:9 The moon and the [small] **stars** to rule the night; for his mercy *endures* for ever.

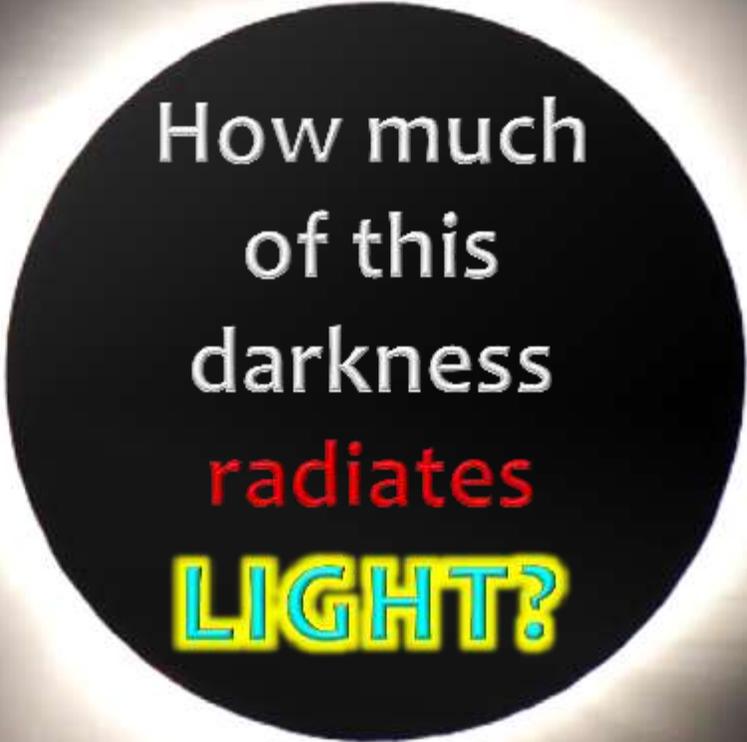
Question: **Why is the moon in this verse appearing as one of the sky rulers?**

Read Psalms 136 again:

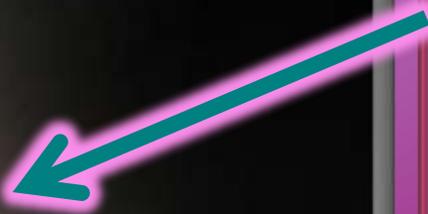
- 7 To him who alone made great **lights**;
for his mercy *endures* for ever.
- 8 The **sun** to rule by day ...
- 9 The moon and the **stars** to rule the night ...

Brenton's Septuagint 1851

- *The chapter Context* is about the Creator establishing heavenly bodies in the heavens. Not all of them are "light-givers."
- *Question:* But what type of ruler rules in absence, without an authoritative representation present?

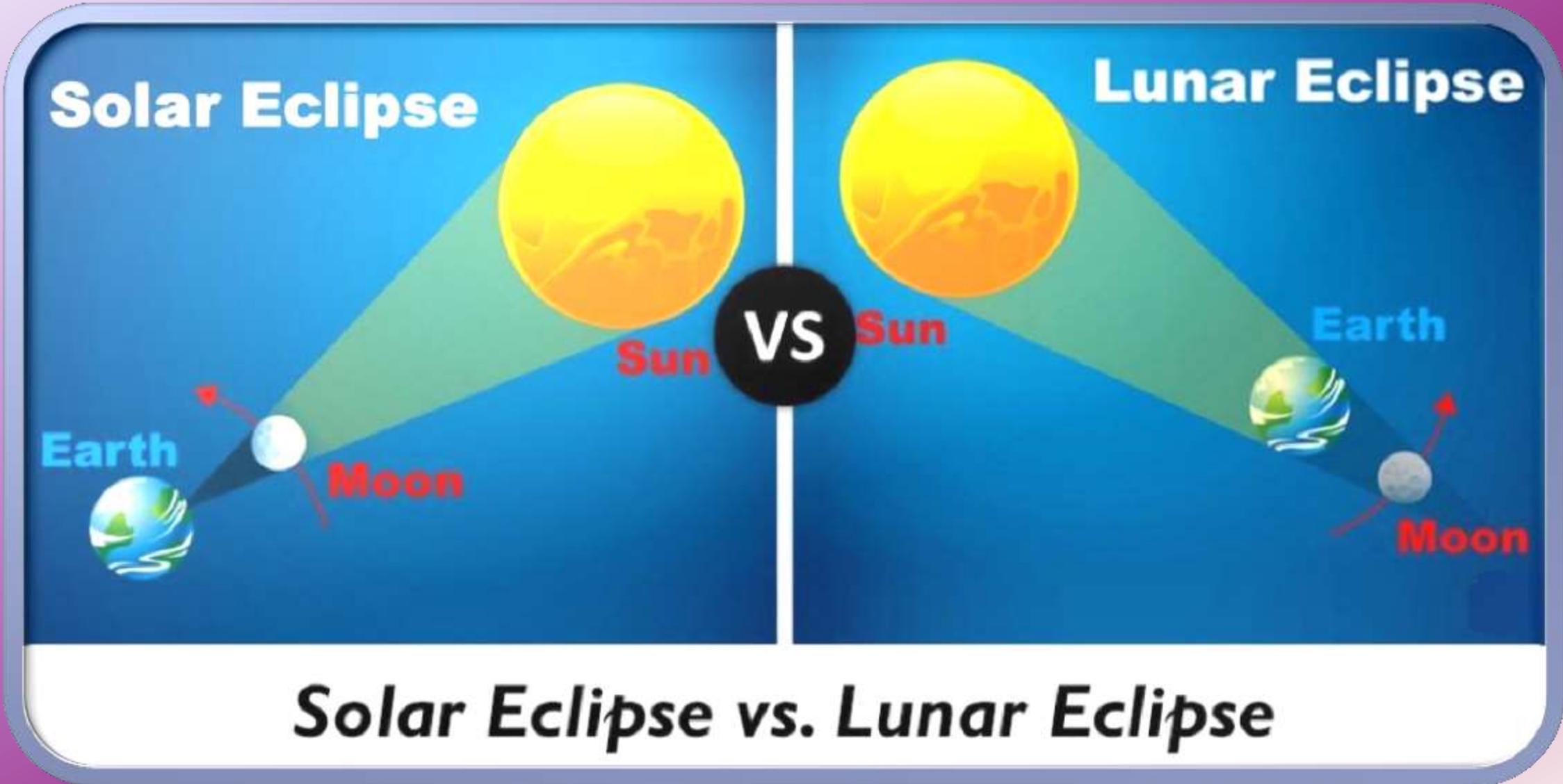


How much
of this
darkness
radiates
LIGHT?



In any type
of **eclipse**,
(when the
**sunlight is
removed**
from our
viewpoint by
the moon),
HOW MUCH
LIGHT
DOES THE
MOON EMIT?

No **LIGHT** from the moon in either **eclipse!**



Moon Questions



1. Is this sky picture a night sky, or day sky?
2. Will you ever see a full moon in the day sky?

What about this moon in the day sky?



Here's a daytime moon on January 28, 2013 as seen by an EarthSky Facebook observer from Ridgecrest, California, in the Mojave Desert. Notice the moon in this photo is closer to the (western) horizon at sunrise than the moon one day later (photo with blue sky and trees).



Website: <http://earthsky.org/space/when-can-you-see-a-daytime-moon>

Daytime moon – May 27, 2012 – Darren Danks in Netherton UK.

- ❖ You can see the moon during the day whenever it's fairly large in phase and fairly far from the sun on the sky's dome.
- ❖ So you need to know the date of full moon to know when to see a daytime moon. Learn the date of the next (or last) full moon, then start to look for the daytime moon about a week *before* full moon, in the afternoon sky.
- ❖ After the full moon, look again for a week or so, this time in the *morning* sky.



Most important
criterion:

look up!

If you do, you'll
often see the
moon in the day.

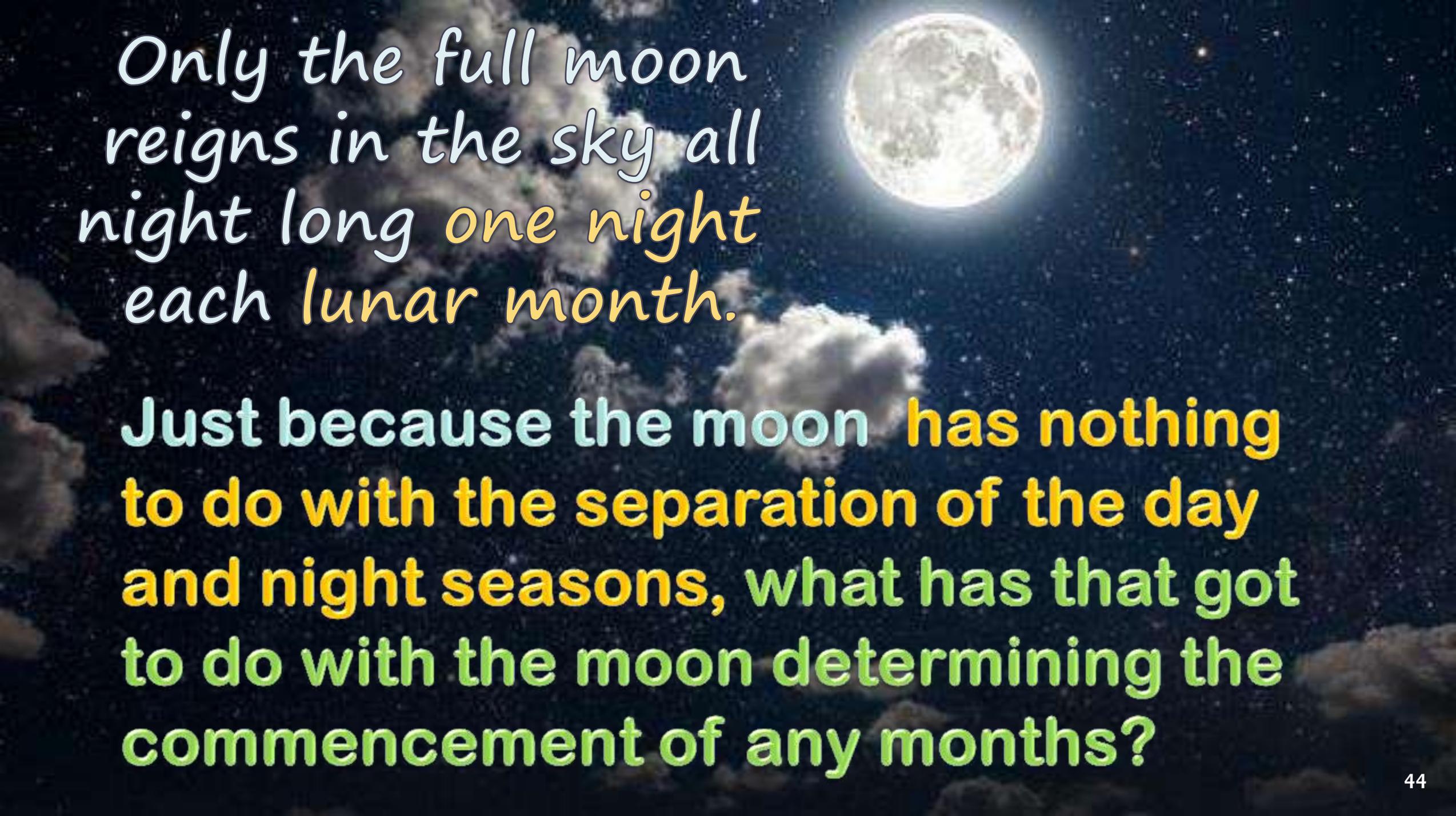
Observation of the Day Moon



So, when can you see the moon in the daytime?

Basically, you need three things to see the daytime moon:

1. Look within a week or so of the date of full moon.
2. Before full moon, look for the daytime moon in the afternoon.
3. After full moon, look for the daytime moon in the morning.
4. Look up! The daytime moon is often up there, even though it may be pale against the blue sky.

A full moon is visible in the upper right quadrant of the image, set against a dark, starry night sky. Wispy white clouds are scattered across the scene, particularly on the left and bottom edges. The text is overlaid on the left side of the image.

*Only the full moon
reigns in the sky all
night long one night
each lunar month.*

**Just because the moon has nothing
to do with the separation of the day
and night seasons, what has that got
to do with the moon determining the
commencement of any months?**

Phases of the Moon

Can the phases of the moon separate or rule the months?

Will **H3391** provide answers?



It depends on who you ask!

It depends on "which" month!



Taking a Closer Look

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[#2] H3391 MOON <yerach>

This means: the cycle
or lunation of the moon
– labeled as a month.

References Found:

Strong's: 2

Englishman's: 13!



Verb

For this study, please remember:

47

Yahuah knows the end from the beginning.

(Isa 46:9-10).

Yahuah also knew:

1. Lucifer would rebel
2. Lucifer would be cast out of heaven
3. Creation week would hold the pattern for worship statutes
4. Satan would try to usurp worship from Yahuah's children on earth as he did in heaven.



Part 1: Mapping the Topics for H3391

1. Creation Patterns

Perfection, Devastation,
Restoration

2. Creation Months

1st Day – 30 day month
4th Day – 30 day month

3. Lunar Months

Sidereal – 27.3 day month
Synodic – 29.5 day month

4.

5.

6.

7.

8.

9.

Englishman's Concordance H3391

49

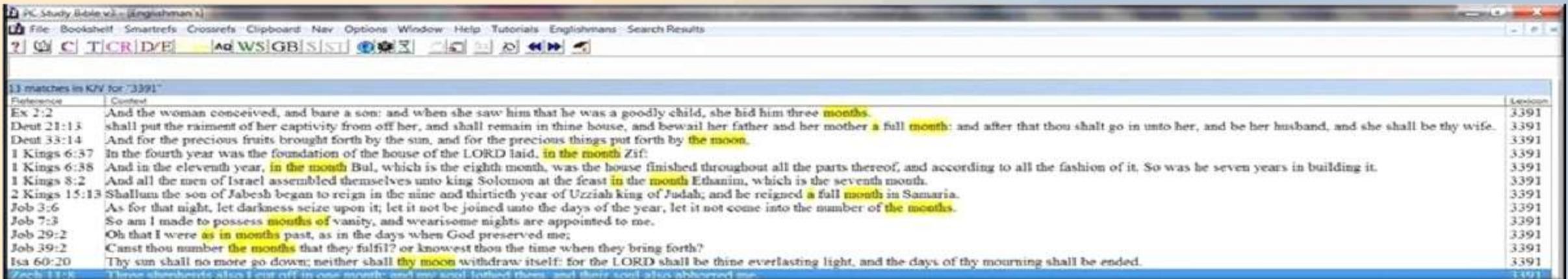
Strong's: "moon" or "moons"

2. H3391 = 2 listings <yerach>

Englishman's: by Hebrew Word

2. H3391 = 13 listings <yerach>
(11 extra listings)

2 listings are translated as moon
11 listings are translated as month



Reference	Context	Version
Ex 2:2	And the woman conceived, and bare a son; and when she saw him that he was a goodly child, she hid him three months.	3391
Deut 21:13	shall put the raiment of her captivity from off her, and shall remain in thine house, and bewail her father and her mother a full month: and after that thou shalt go in unto her, and be her husband, and she shall be thy wife.	3391
Deut 33:14	And for the precious fruits brought forth by the sun, and for the precious things put forth by the moon.	3391
1 Kings 6:37	In the fourth year was the foundation of the house of the LORD laid, in the month Zif:	3391
1 Kings 6:38	And in the eleventh year, in the month Bul, which is the eighth month, was the house finished throughout all the parts thereof, and according to all the fashion of it, So was he seven years in building it.	3391
1 Kings 8:2	And all the men of Israel assembled themselves unto king Solomon at the feast in the month Ethanim, which is the seventh month.	3391
2 Kings 15:13	Shallum the son of Jabesh began to reign in the nine and thirtieth year of Uzziah king of Judah; and he reigned a full month in Samaria.	3391
Job 3:6	As for that night, let darkness seize upon it; let it not be joined unto the days of the year, let it not come into the number of the months.	3391
Job 7:3	So am I made to possess months of vanity, and wearisome nights are appointed to me.	3391
Job 29:2	Oh that I were as in months past, as in the days when God preserved me;	3391
Job 39:2	Canst thou number the months that they fulfil? or knowest thou the time when they bring forth?	3391
Isa 60:20	Thy sun shall no more go down; neither shall thy moon withdraw itself: for the LORD shall be thine everlasting light, and the days of thy mourning shall be ended.	3391
Zach 11:8	Three shepherds also I cut off in one month: and my soul loathed them: and their soul also abhorred me.	3391

A Note for H3391 MOON <yerach>

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- ONLY 2 of the 13 references actually use the word **MOON**.
- *Strong's* will list this "unused root" as uncertain!!!
- *Strong's* will list the definition of "lunation" before the definition of "month" - *which will be closely examined.*
- *Brown Driver & Brigg's* is opposite, listing the first definition as "month."

H3391 MOON <yerach> [as a Verb]

51

- *[Strong's]* **MOON** - H3391 yerach (yeh'-rakh); from an unused root of uncertain signification; a lunation, i.e. month: KJV - month [11 times], moon [2 times].
- *[BDB]* H3391 yerach - a month (lunar cycle), the moon [2 times].
 - a) a month
 - b) a calendar month [11 times].



#1 *Creation Patterns*

**PERFECTION
DEVASTATION
RESTORATION**

Creation Week Has 2 Types of Months

- *Remember: Yahuah is smarter than we are!*
- *He knows what He is doing!*
- *That's why He gave mankind and the earth two types of months at creation.*
 1. *The 30 day creation month for the commencement of His monthly and yearly worship statutes;*
 2. *The 30 day lunar month for the agricultural ordinances to bless the earth and mankind with food & water; seasons for planting & harvesting of the land; tides to bless the seas. (Deut 33:14 - H3391)*

A Scriptural Pattern & the Moon

This Pattern has many repetitions:

• Perfection ~ Devastation ~ Restoration

Examples for this pattern:

1. First day of Creation

2. Adam & Eve

3. Yahuah's people & their disobedience

4. Creation Moon; Hezekiah's miracle altered the moon cycle 3300 years after creation; moon will be restored in the new Earth.



#2 *Creation Months*

1ST DAY BEGINS SCRIPTURAL MONTH

4TH DAY BEGINS LUNAR MONTH

Earlier we mentioned Yahuah has 2 different kinds of creation months.

1) Festal Month 2) Moon Month

Both types of months had 30 days each.



Next:
A simple
examination of
the 1st week
of creation.

1st Day of Creation Begins Yahuah's Calendar

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1 st Day	2 nd Day	3 rd Day	4 th Day	5 th Day	Prep Day	Sabbath Day
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	1	2	3	4	5

The 1st day of the 1st week!

The 1st day of the 1st month!

The 1st day of the 1st year!

30 Days in Yahuah's Creation Month

1 st Day	2 nd Day	3 rd Day	4 th Day	5 th Day	Prep Day	Sabbath Day
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	1	2	3	4	5

← The 1st day of the 1st month of creation. →

← The 1st day of the 2nd month. →

- **Gen 7:11** In the six hundredth year of Noah's life, in the second month, the seventeenth day of the month, the same day were all the fountains of the great deep broken up ...
- **Gen 8:3** ... and after the end of the hundred and fifty days the waters were abated.
- **Gen 8:4** And the ark rested in the seventh month, on the seventeenth day of the month ...

DATE: Approx. 2300 BC
(or 1700 Years From Creation)

Moon's Lunation Cycle Given at Creation

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1 st Day	2 nd Day	3 rd Day	4 th Day	5 th Day	Prep Day	Sabbath Day
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	1	2	3	4	5

The 1st day of the 1st Lunar Cycle. ←

The 1st day of the 2nd Lunar Cycle. ←

The lunar month was always 3 days behind Yahuah's set-apart month start.

Moon's Lunation is Special



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1. The lunation cycle was a special 30 day period created for the "Ordinances of the Moon." (Remember the review of these "ordinances" given with H3394.)
2. There was nothing imperfect about this moon-month.
3. The moon was given specific job descriptions to bless the earth and mankind with agricultural bounties.

1 st Day	2 nd Day	3 rd Day	4 th Day	5 th Day	Prep Day	Sabbath Day
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	1	2	3	4	5

The moon-month was never to be linked to the commencement of Yahuah's worship statutes.



#3 Lunar Months

(aside from Creation Week)

SIDEREAL MONTH: 27.3 DAYS

SYNODIC MONTH: 29.5 DAYS

At Creation, there was no such thing
as a Sidereal or Synodic Lunar Month.

**This happened with
Hezekiah's Sundial Event
~701 BC (or 3300 years
after creation).**

3 Scripture Witnesses:

2 Kings 20:9-11

2 Chron 32:24

Isa 38:7-8

(Details of this study are forthcoming.)

Yahuah's Special Significant Numbers

63

The Scriptures speak of some very special numbers which are significant for Yahuah's purposes. Some examples are:

1 2 3 4 7 10 12 24 30 40 42

50 70 100 120 400 430 490 1000

And ... 144,000!

Consider these numbers: ~27.3 & ~29.5

Are they part of Yahuah's numbering system?



Two Different Lunar Months Today

64

1) Sidereal Month [alignment with the stars]

- The time it takes for the moon to complete one orbit of Earth; an average of 27.3 days.



2) Synodic Month [alignment with sun & moon phase]

- The time it takes the moon to reach the same visual phase; an average of 29.5 days & 29 phases.



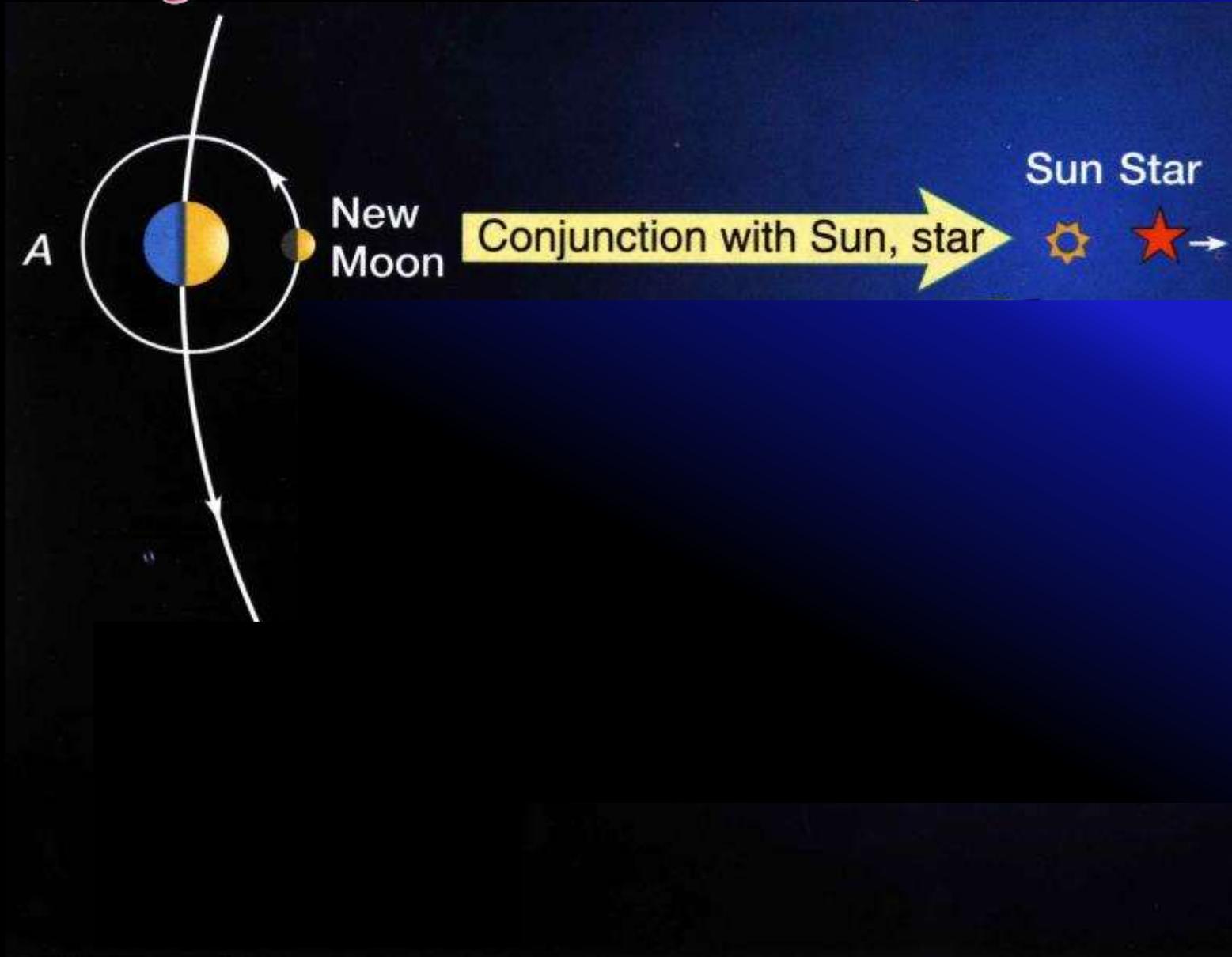
Lunar Sidereal and Synodic Periods

65

- The Moon's sidereal orbital period (or sidereal month) is ~ 27.3 days.
 - This is the time interval that the Moon takes to complete its 360° orbit of the Earth **relative to the "fixed" stars**.
- The period of the **lunar phases** (the synodic month), e.g. the **full moon to full moon period**, is longer at ~ 29.5 days.
 - At New Moon, the Moon has extended its orbit for a total of $\sim 390^\circ$ to align with the Sun again – thus completing the synodic month.

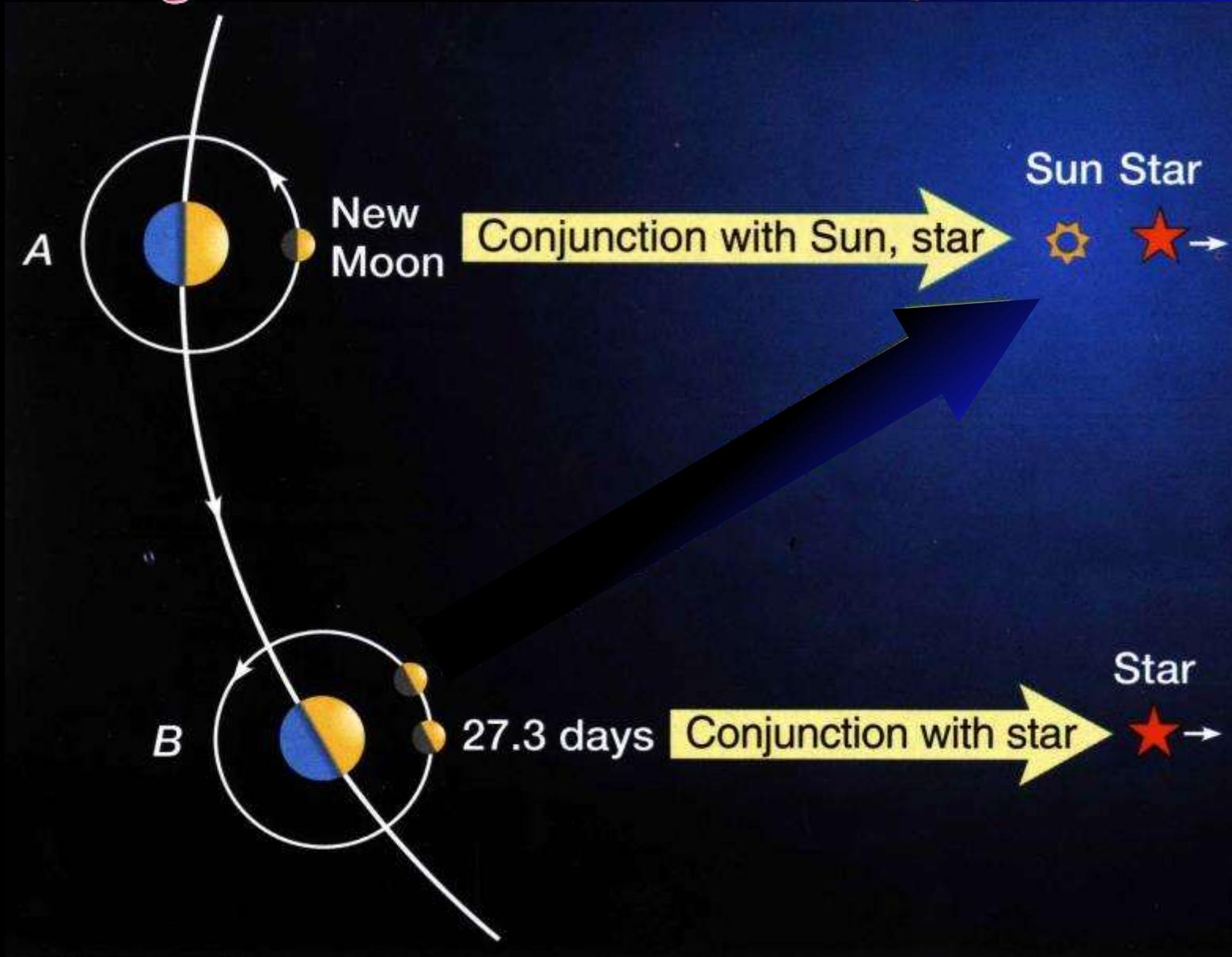


Synodic Month (Globe Earth Model)



A) Diagram
New moon aligns
with sun & star.

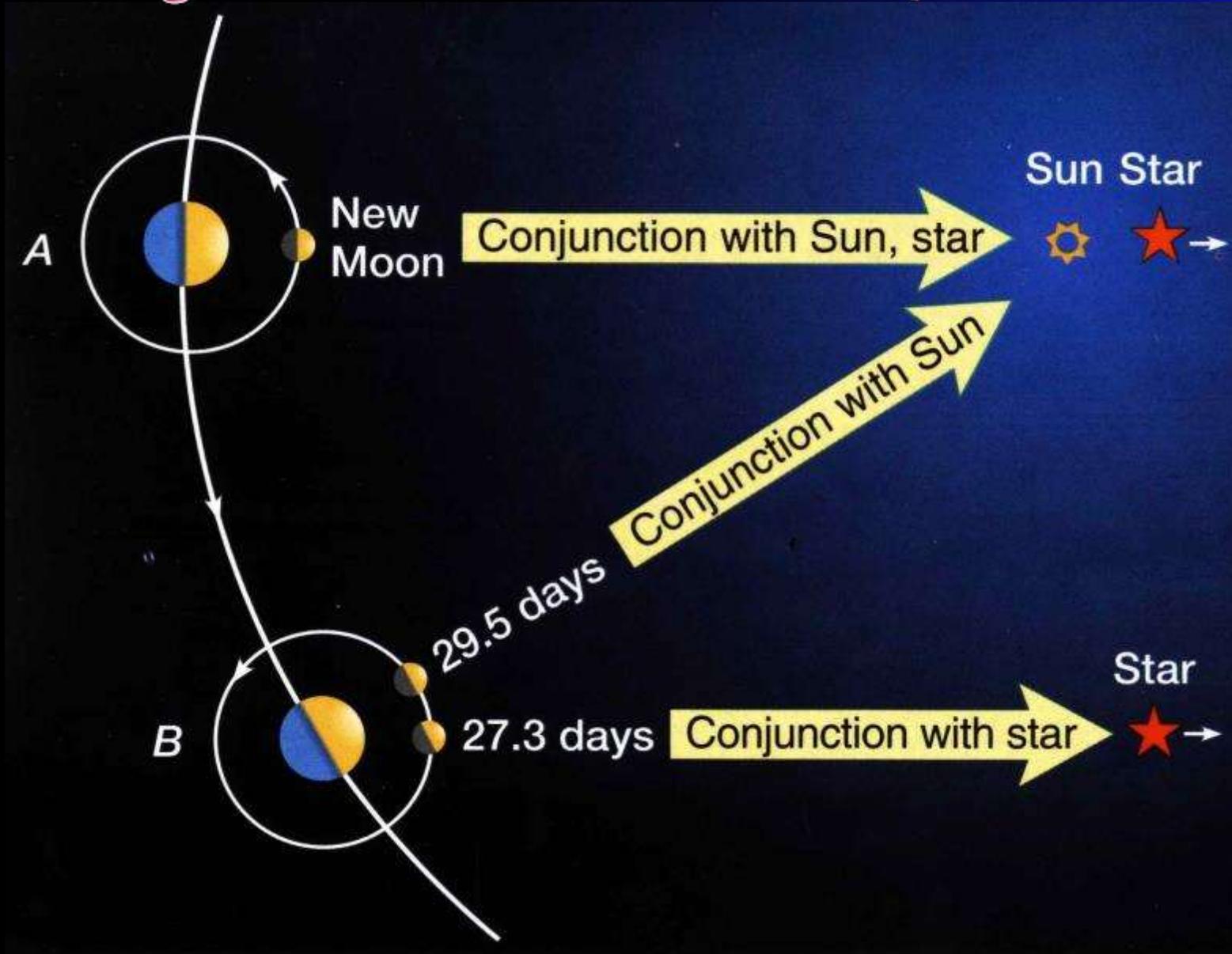
Synodic Month (Globe Earth Model)



A) Diagram
New moon aligns with sun & star.

B) Diagram
27.3 days later the moon conjuncts with the same star.

Synodic Month (Globe Earth Model)



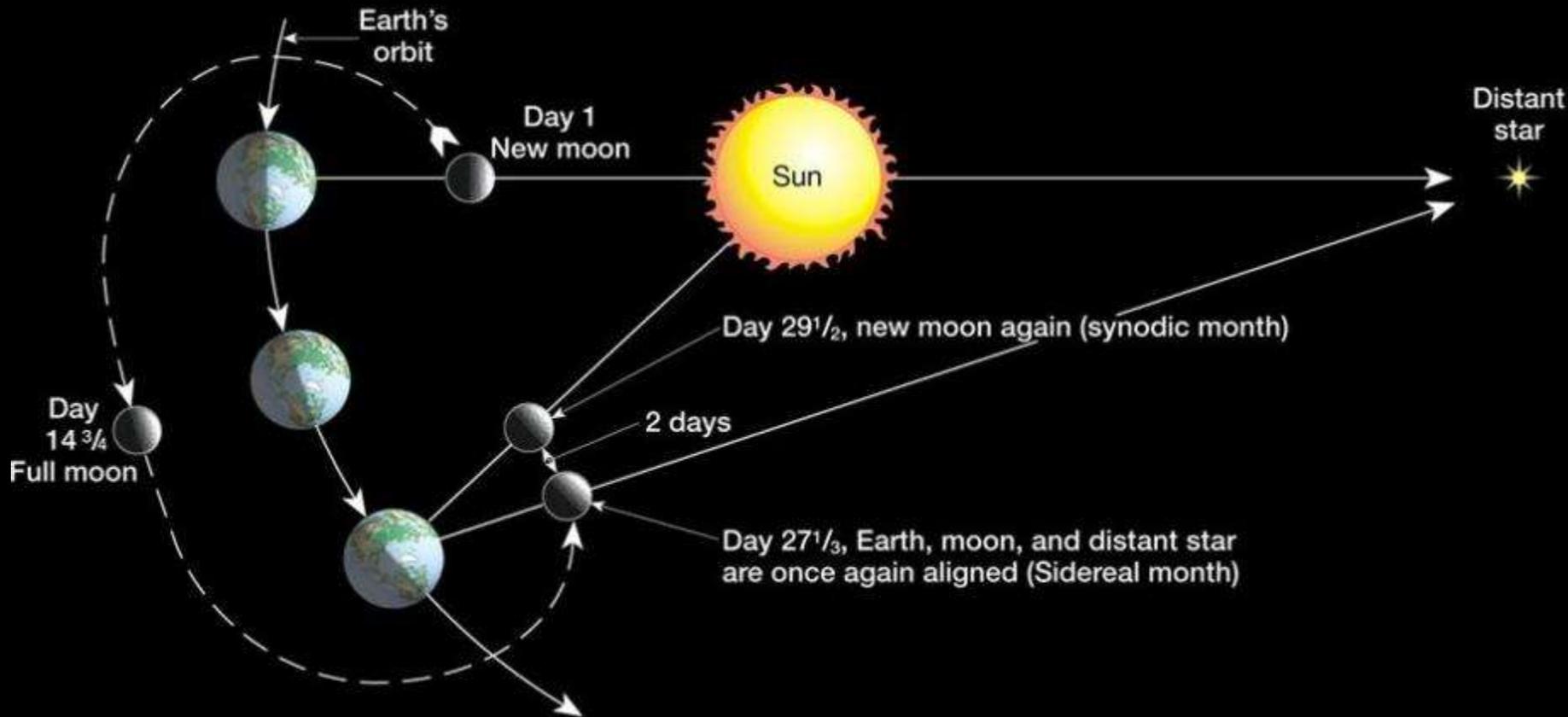
A) Diagram
New moon aligns with sun & star.

B) Diagram
27.3 days later the moon conjuncts with the same star.
29.5 days later the moon conjuncts with the sun.



The difference between the sidereal month and the synodic month

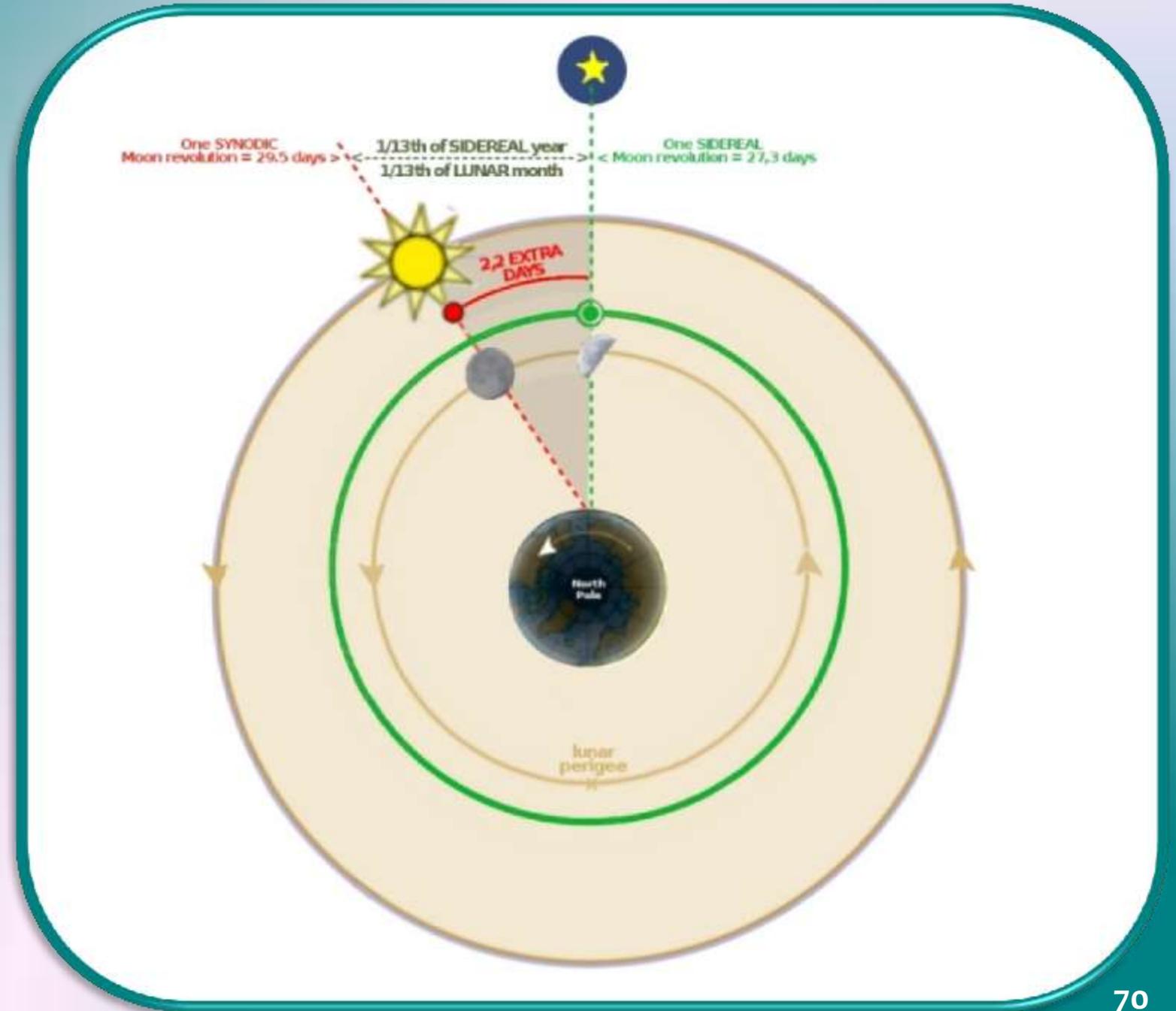
Globe
Earth
Model



(Another
View)

Lunar Sidereal Month

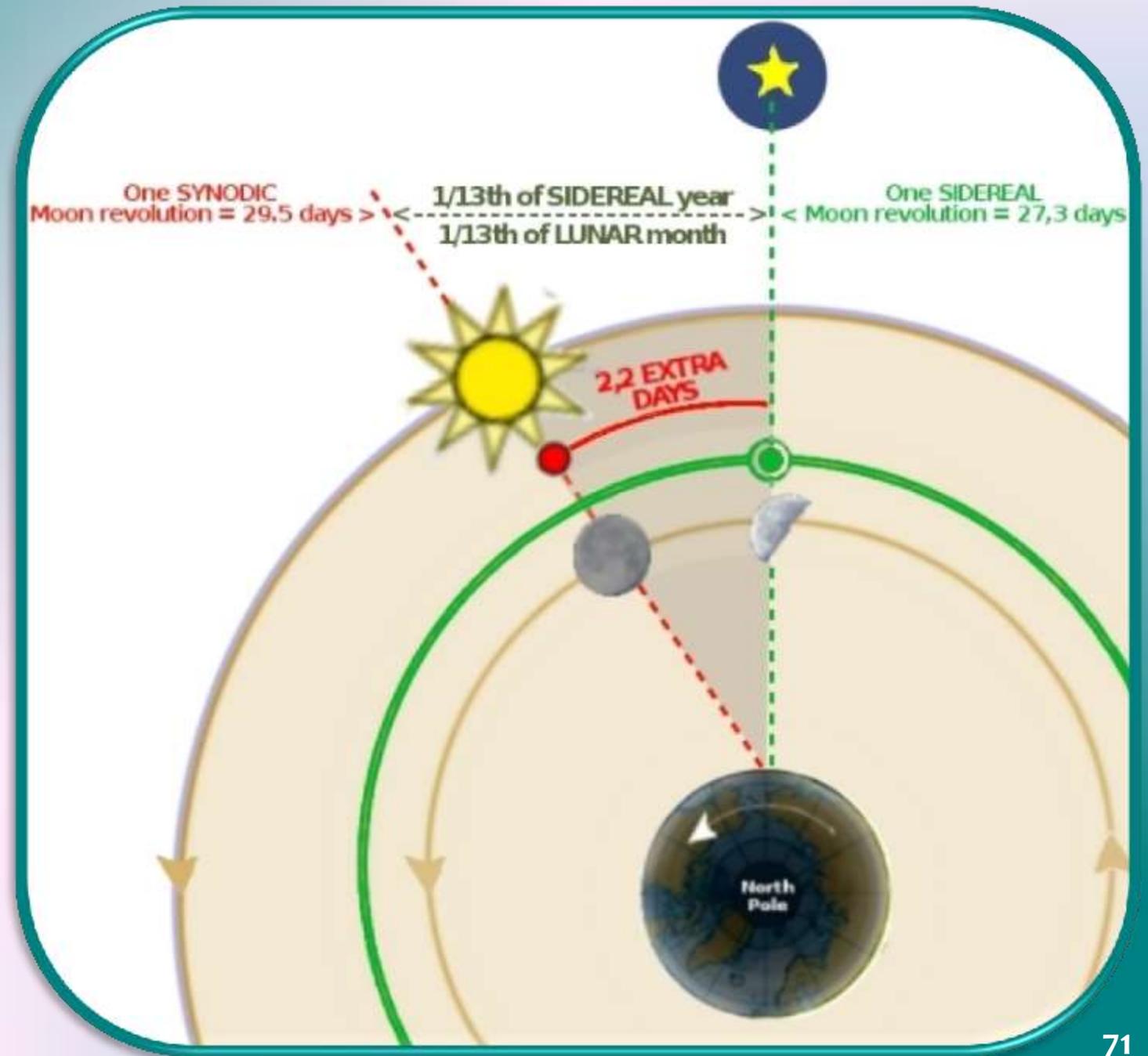
Flat Earth Model



Lunar Sidereal Month

Flat Earth

(Close View)



Can you answer this question?

72

Which month is the true lunar month according to the Rabbis?

- 1) Sidereal Month?
- 2) Synodic Month?!

- Most feast calendars that use the moon month mark the new moon day according to a particular moon phase, not the completion of the Sidereal Month cycle.

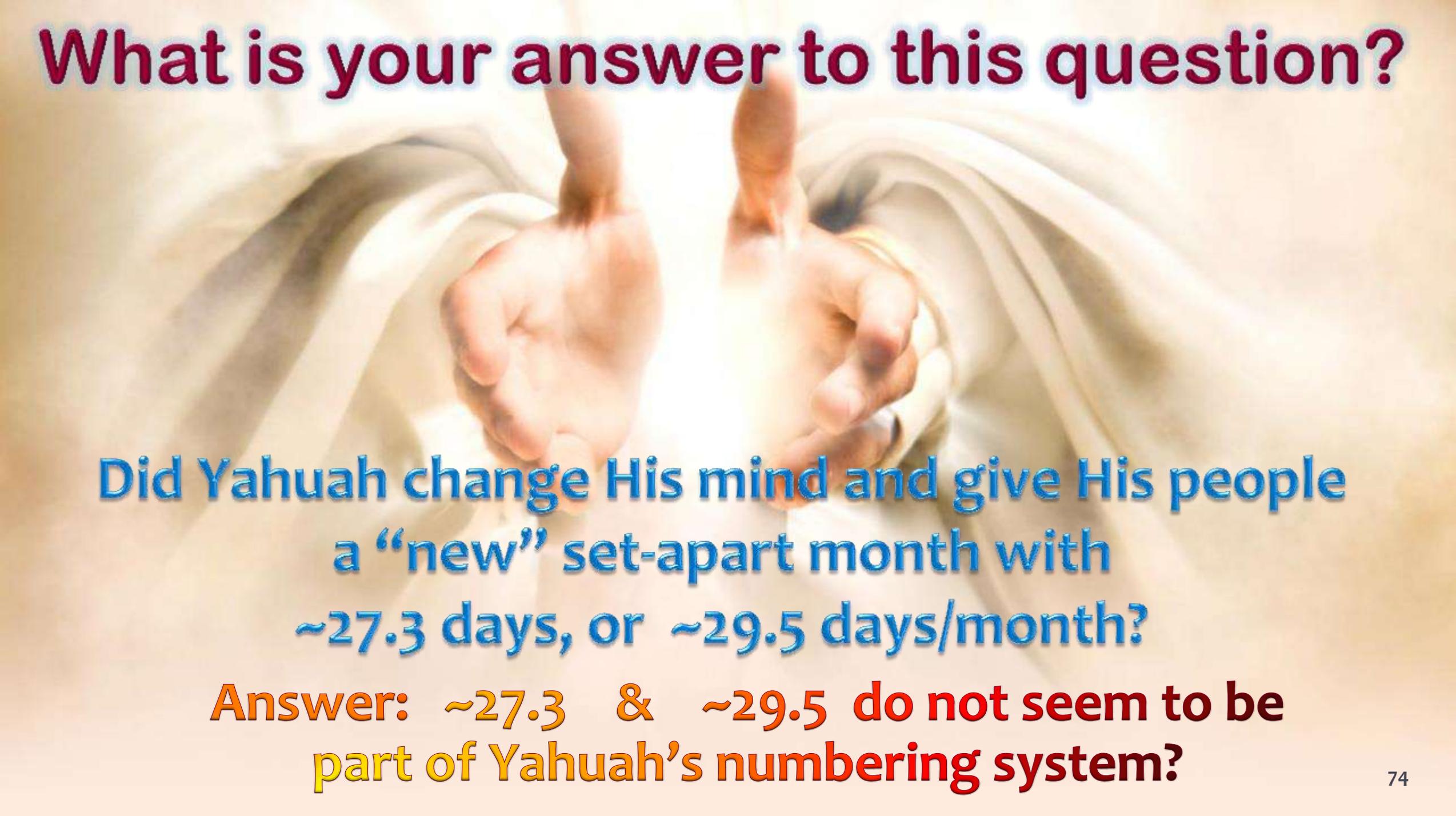


The Synodic Month and the great **13** Cover-up

- The Synodic month produces a 13th month about every 3 years. It is definitely linked to the festal worship statutes of every moon based calendar.
- The Sidereal month produces a 13th month every year.



What is your answer to this question?



Did Yahuah change His mind and give His people
a “new” set-apart month with
~27.3 days, or ~29.5 days/month?

**Answer: ~27.3 & ~29.5 do not seem to be
part of Yahuah’s numbering system?**

Can you answer another question?

75

How did the synodic moon cycle ever receive custody of the festal month ?

It was closer to Yahuah's 30 day month!

The history of the Synodic Month and its attachment to worship and religious service has deep roots with the pagans (first) then eventually adopted by Yahuah's rebellious leaders and people.



The Truth of the Matter for H3391

Part 4



"The Moonth! Oh, the Moonth?"

(con't) Aug 3/18

H3391 will be fully investigated to see how its Luration Cycle month aligns with the Synodic Month.

Will the definitions of "Lunar" and "Luration" lend any surprising information?

The End

If you need assistance
with this information,
please send your
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